

SAFETY DATA SHEET



IME.TB300 Synthetic Topcoat Binder High Gloss

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : IME.TB300 Synthetic Topcoat Binder High Gloss
Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses |
|----------------------------|
| Uses in Coatings - Topcoat |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Valspar b.v.
Zuiveringweg 89
8243 PE Lelystad
The Netherlands
tel: +31 (0)320 292200
fax: +31 (0)320 292201

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : info.nl@valspar.com

National contact

QHSE department
tel: +31 (0)320 292288
fax: +31 (0)320 292201

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Call: +31 (0)30 2748888 - National Poisoning Information Center - Bilthoven

Supplier

Telephone number : Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10
Xn; R20/21
R66
N; R51/53

Physical/chemical hazards : Flammable.

Human health hazards : Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Indication of danger : Harmful, Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases : R10- Flammable.
R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases : S23- Do not breathe vapour or spray.
S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S51- Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Hazardous ingredients : xylene

Supplemental label elements : Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | | Type |
|--|--|------------|---|---|---------|
| | | | 67/548/EEC | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy | EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2 | 25 - <35 | R10 Xn; R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] [2] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119486136-34 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | 12.5 - <20 | R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene | EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | 3 - <7 | F; R11 Xn; R20 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 | [1] [2] |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | EC: 203-539-1 | <15 | R10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | [1] [2] |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------|--|--|---------|
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3 EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3 | 1 - <2.5 | R67 R10 Xn; R20 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51/53 | STOT SE 3, H336 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] [2] |
| mesitylene | EC: 203-604-4 CAS: 108-67-8 Index: 601-025-00-5 | 0.25 - <2.5 | R10 Xi; R37 N; R51/53 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | [1] [2] |
| 2-butanone oxime | EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0 | 0.1 - <1 | Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43 See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above. | Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | [1] |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption

SECTION 4: First aid measures

through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling** :
- Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.
 - Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.
 - Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.
 - Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.
 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.
 - Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.
 - Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
 - Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.
 - Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.
 - Comply with the health and safety at work laws.
 - Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
- Information on fire and explosion protection**
- Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** :
- Store in accordance with local regulations.
- Notes on joint storage**
 Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- Additional information on storage conditions**
 Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

- 7.3 Specific end use(s)**
- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|--|---|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy | EU OEL (Europe, 2003). TWA: 575 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| xylene | EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. |
| ethylbenzene | EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 80/1107/EEC (Europe). CEIL: 360 mg/m ³ CEIL: 100 ppm EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 80/1107/EEC (Europe). CEIL: 20 ppm CEIL: 100 mg/m ³ EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| mesitylene | EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: natural rubber (latex), nitrile rubber, neoprene

Not recommended: butyl rubber, PVC

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure controls : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Not available. |
| Odour | : Not available. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 30°C |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Burning time | : Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | : Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 0.94 |
| Solubility(ies) | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| Explosive properties | : Not available. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not available. |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >20 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | >10 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >10000 mg/kg | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| 2-butanone oxime | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6600 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 20 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 1000 to 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Dermal | 4526.4 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 20574.6 ppm |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 90.45 mg/l |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 Percent | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 milligrams | - |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 milligrams | - |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |

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| | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| mesitylene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 500 | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 24 hours 500 | - |
| 2-butanone oxime | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 24 hours 20 | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | milligrams 100 microliters | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy | EC50 >100 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| xylene | LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 3300 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | LC50 >10 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| 2-butanone oxime | EC50 >500 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | LC50 320 to 1000 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.16 | - | high |
| ethylbenzene | 3.15 | - | high |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 120.226443461 | high |
| mesitylene | 3.42 | 186.208713666 | high |
| 2-butanone oxime | 0.63 | - | low |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.
- Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- PBT : Not applicable.
- vPvB : Not applicable.

- 12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
- Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
- Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.








Packaging

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Not emptied containers are hazardous waste.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) |
|-----------------------|---|
| CEPE Paint Guidelines | 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances |

- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, 1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene) | Paint |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3   | 3   | 3   | 3  |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | No. |
| Additional information | <p>Hazard identification number 30</p> <p>Limited quantity LQ7</p> <p>Special provisions 163 640E 650</p> <p>Tunnel code (D/E)</p> | - | <p>Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, _S-E_</p> | <p>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 309</p> <p>Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 310</p> <p>Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y309</p> |

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
[EU Regulation \(EC\) No. 1907/2006 \(REACH\)](#)
[Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation](#)
[Substances of very high concern](#)

None of the components are listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture : Not applicable.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

Priority List Chemicals (793/93/EEC) : Listed

| Product/ingredient name | Carcinogenic effects | Mutagenic effects | Developmental effects | Fertility effects |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 2-butanone oxime | Carc. Cat. 3; R40 | - | - | - |

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
 STOT SE 3, H336
 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|---|---|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method |

SECTION 16: Other information

| | |
|---|---|
| Full text of abbreviated H statements | : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] | : Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3 STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Narcotic effects] - Category 3 |
| Full text of abbreviated R phrases | : R11- Highly flammable. R10- Flammable. R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R20- Harmful by inhalation. R21- Harmful in contact with skin. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R37- Irritating to respiratory system. R38- Irritating to skin. R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD] | : F - Highly flammable Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3 Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant N - Dangerous for the environment |
| Date of printing | : 03/08/2012. |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 03/08/2012. |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation. |
| Version | : 1.2 |

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.